Chapter 3
Section 5.2

## THERAPEUTIC APHERESIS

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I. PROCEDURE CODES

36520, 36521

## II. DESCRIPTION

Any procedure in which blood is withdrawn from a donor, a portion (plasma, leukocytes, platelets, etc.) is separated and retained, and the remainder is retransfused into the donor.

## III. POLICY

Therapeutic apheresis may be cost-shared when medically necessary and the standard of medical practice. Outlined below are some examples of conditions for which therapeutic apheresis is indicated:

- 1. Myasthenia gravis during a life-threatening crisis;
- 2. Goodpasture's Syndrome.
- 3. Life-threatening immune complex rheumatoid vasculitis;
- 4. Multiple myeloma (symptomatic monoclonal gammopathy).
- 5. Waldenstrom's macroglobulinemia.
- 6. Hypergammaglobulinemia purpura.
- 7. Cryoglobulinemia.
- 8. Thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura.
- 9. Guillain-Barre syndrome.
- 10. Membranous and proliferative nephritis (glomerulonephritis).
- 11. Chronic myelogenous leukemia.

- 12. Chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy.
- 13. Familial hypercholesterolemia. The device must be FDA approved and used only in accordance with FDA labeling.
  - 14. Leukapheresis in the treatment of leukemia.
  - 15. Hemolytic uremic syndrome (HUS).
  - 16. Hyperviscosity syndromes.
  - 17. Homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia.
  - 18. Post-transfusion purpura.
  - 19. Refsum's disease.

## IV. EXCLUSION

Therapeutic apheresis for unproven indications.

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